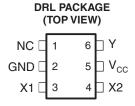
# SN74LVC1GX04-EP CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DRIVER

SGDS029-SEPTEMBER 2007

#### **FEATURES**

- Controlled Baseline
  - One Assembly
  - One Test Site
  - One Fabrication Site
- Enhanced Diminishing Manufacturing Sources (DMS) Support
- Enhanced Product-Change Notification
- Qualification Pedigree (1)
- Available in Texas Instruments NanoStar<sup>™</sup> and NanoFree<sup>™</sup> Packages
- Supports 5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Operation
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- One Unbuffered Inverter (SN74LVC1GU04) and One Buffered Inverter (SN74LVC1G04)
- Suitable for Commonly Used Clock Frequencies:
  - 15 kHz, 3.58 MHz, 4.43 MHz, 13 MHz,
     25 MHz, 26 MHz, 27 MHz, 28 MHz
- Max t<sub>pd</sub> of 3.7 ns at 3.3 V
- (1) Component qualification in accordance with JEDEC and industry standards to ensure reliable operation over an extended temperature range. This includes, but is not limited to, Highly Accelerated Stress Test (HAST) or biased 85/85, temperature cycle, autoclave or unbiased HAST, electromigration, bond intermetallic life, and mold compound life. Such qualification testing should not be viewed as justifying use of this component beyond specified performance and environmental limits.

- Low Power Consumption, 10 μA Max I<sub>CC</sub>
- ±24 mA Output Drive at 3.3 V
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)



See mechanical drawings for dimensions. NC – No internal connection

#### **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

The SN74LVC1GX04 is designed for 1.65-V to 5.5-V  $V_{CC}$  operation. This device incorporates the SN74LVC1GU04 (inverter with unbuffered output) and the SN74LVC1G04 (inverter) functions into a single device. The LVC1GX04 is optimized for use in crystal oscillator applications.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGE <sup>(2)</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING (3)
-55°C to 125°C	SOT (SOT-553) – DRL	Reel of 4000	CLVC1GX04MDRLREP	CDD

- For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI
  website at www.ti.com.
- (2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
- (3) DRL: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

M

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

NanoStar, NanoFree are trademarks of Texas Instruments.

SGDS029-SEPTEMBER 2007



#### **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

X1 and X2 can be connected to a crystal or resonator in oscillator applications. The device provides an additional buffered inverter (Y) for signal conditioning (see Figure 3). The additional buffered inverter improves the signal quality of the crystal oscillator output by making it rail to rail.

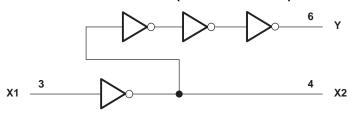
NanoStar<sup>™</sup> and NanoFree<sup>™</sup> package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$  (Y output only). The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

INPUT	OUTPUTS			
X1	X2	Υ		
Н	L	Н		
L	Н	L		

#### **LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)**



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage range	-0.5	6.5	V	
VI	Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	6.5	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to Y output in the high-impedance or power-off state (2)			6.5	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the h	-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V	
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current		±50	mA	
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±100	mA	
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance (4)		142	°C/W	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

<sup>(2)</sup> The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(3)</sup> The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

<sup>(4)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.





### **Recommended Operating Conditions**(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
		Operating	1.65	5.5	
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	Data retention only	1.5		V
		Crystal oscillator use	2		
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
VI	Input voltage	·	0	5.5	V
	Outrot caltage	X2, Y	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Vo	Output voltage	Y output only, Power-down mode, $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$	0	5.5	V
	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-4	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-8	
$I_{OH}$				-16	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		-32	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		4	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		8	
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current			16	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		32	
		$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}, 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$		20	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$		10	ns/V
	•	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ±0.5 V		10	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	1 **	-55	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at  $V_{CC}$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

SGDS029-SEPTEMBER 2007



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

P/	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN TY	P <sup>(1)</sup> MAX	UNIT	
		$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$		1.65 V to 5.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1		
V		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$		1.65 V	1.2		
		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND	2.3 V	1.9		V
V <sub>OH</sub>		$I_{OH} = -16 \text{ mA}$	V  = 5.5 V OI GND	3 V	2.4		V
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$		3 V	2.3		
		$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$		4.5 V	3.8		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.1	
		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$		1.65 V		0.45	
\/		$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND	2.3 V		0.3	V
V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5 V OI GND	3 V		0.4	V
		$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$		3 V		0.63	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA		4.5 V		0.70	
I <sub>I</sub>	X1	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND		0 to 5.5 V		±5	μΑ
I <sub>off</sub>	X1, Y	$V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5 \text{ V}$		0		±10	μΑ
$I_{CC}$		$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND},$	$I_O = 0$	1.65 V to 5.5 V		10	μΑ
Ci		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		7	pF

<sup>(1)</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

#### **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  or 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)				TO ± 0.3 V		= 5 V 5 V	UNIT
	(INFOT)	(001701)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX			
4	V4	X2	0.8	3.7	0.8	3.2	20		
<sup>L</sup> pd	X1	Υ(1)	2	7.8	2	5	ns		

<sup>(1)</sup> X2 - no external load

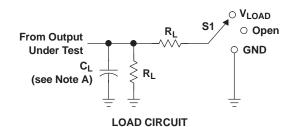
#### **Operating Characteristics**

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	UNIT
	TAKAMETEK	CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	Oitii
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	24	35	pF

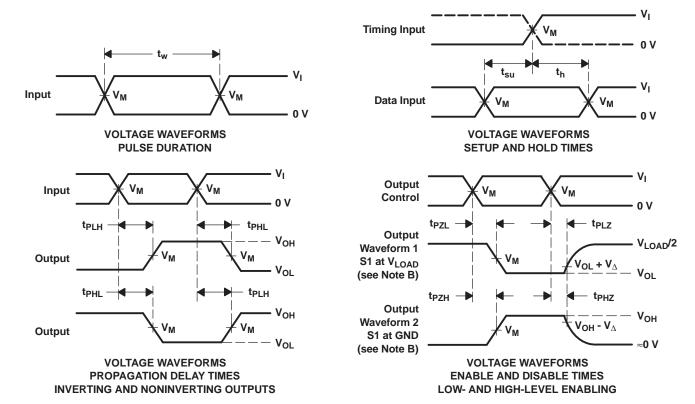


#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND

.,	INF	PUTS	.,	.,		-	v
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	C <sub>L</sub>	R <sub>L</sub>	$oldsymbol{V}_{\Delta}$
1.8 V $\pm$ 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	$V_{CC}$	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.3 V
5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V	Vcc	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	15 pF	<b>1 M</b> Ω	0.3 V



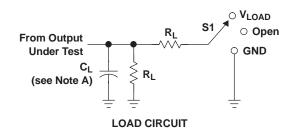
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>.
- F. t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>.
- G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

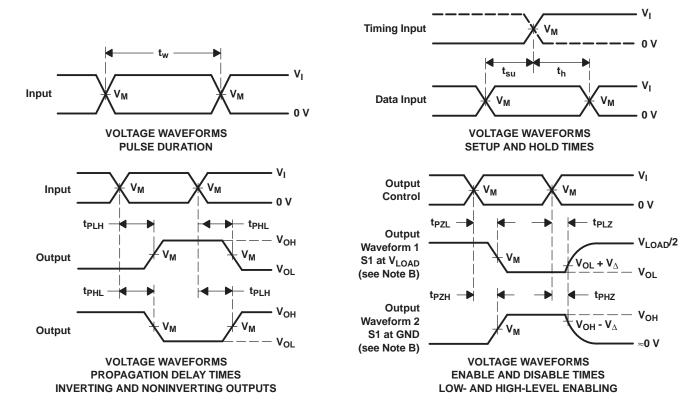


#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	Open V <sub>LOAD</sub> GND

V	INPUTS			V		Б	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	$V_{\Delta}$
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	<b>1 k</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	500 Ω	0.15 V
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	3 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V
5 V $\pm$ 0.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2.5 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2×V <sub>CC</sub>	50 pF	500 Ω	0.3 V



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>.
- F. t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>.
- G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

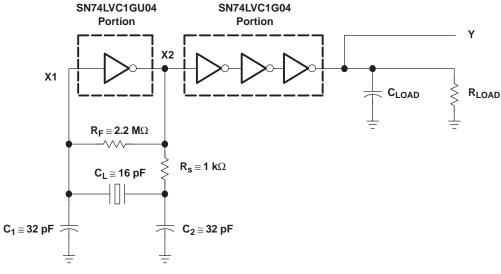


#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 3 shows a typical application of the SN74LVC1GX04 in a Pierce oscillator circuit. The buffered inverter (SN74LVC1G04 portion) produces a rail-to-rail voltage waveform. The recommended load for the crystal shown in this example is 16 pF. The value of the recommended load (C<sub>I</sub>) can be found in the crystal manufacturer's data sheet.

Values of  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are chosen so that  $C_L = \frac{C_1 C_2}{C_1 + C_2}$  and  $C_1 \equiv C_2$ .  $R_s$  is the current-limiting resistor, and the value depends on the maximum power dissipation of the crystal. Generally, the recommended value of  $R_s$  is specified in the crystal manufacturer's data sheet and, usually, this value is approximately equal to the reactance

 $R_S = X_C$  of  $C_2$  at resonance frequency, i.e.,  $C_2 = X_C$  of of operation. Usually, the value is chosen to be within 1 M $\Omega$  to 10 M $\Omega$ .

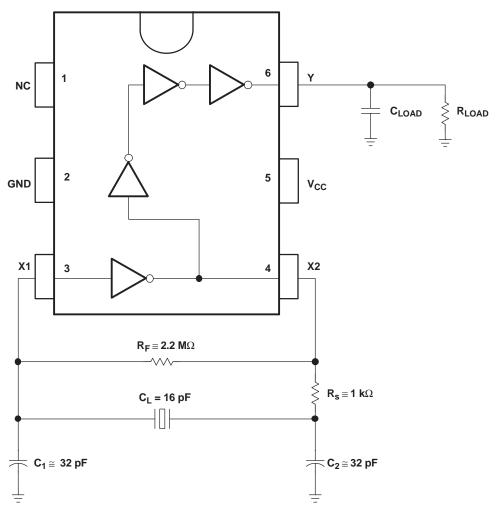


a) Logic Diagram View

Figure 3. Oscillator Circuit



#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



b) Oscillator Circuit in DBV or DCK Pinout

Figure 3. Oscillator Circuit (continued)

#### **Practical Design Tips**

- The open-loop gain of the unbuffered inverter decreases as power-supply voltage decreases. This decreases
  the closed-loop gain of the oscillator circuit. The value of R<sub>s</sub> can be decreased to increase the closed-loop
  gain, while maintaining the power dissipation of the crystal within the maximum limit.
- R<sub>s</sub> and C<sub>2</sub> form a low-pass filter and reduce spurious oscillations. Component values can be adjusted, based on the desired cutoff frequency.
- C<sub>2</sub> can be increased over C<sub>1</sub> to increase the phase shift and help in start-up of the oscillator. Increasing C<sub>2</sub> may affect the duty cycle of the output voltage.
- At high frequency, phase shift due to R<sub>s</sub> becomes significant. In this case, R<sub>s</sub> can be replaced by a capacitor to reduce the phase shift.

# SN74LVC1GX04-EP CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DRIVER

SGDS029-SEPTEMBER 2007

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### **Testing**

After the selection of proper component values, the oscillator circuit should be tested using these components. To ensure that the oscillator circuit performs within the recommended operating conditions, follow these steps:

- 1. Without a crystal, the oscillator circuit should not oscillate. To check this, the crystal can be replaced by its equivalent parallel-resonant resistance.
- 2. When the power-supply voltage drops, the closed-loop gain of the oscillator circuit reduces. Ensure that the circuit oscillates at the appropriate frequency at the lowest  $V_{CC}$  and highest  $V_{CC}$ .
- 3. Ensure that the duty cycle, start-up time, and frequency drift over time is within the system requirements.

Submit Documentation Feedback

ç





ti.com 18-Sep-2008

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins F	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
CLVC1GX04MDRLREP	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
V62/07632-01XE	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in

a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74LVC1GX04-EP:

Catalog: SN74LVC1GX04

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Catalog - TI's standard catalog product



#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





Α	0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В	0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
		Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
٧	٧	Overall width of the carrier tape
ГР	1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device		Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CLVC1GX04MDRLREP	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	9.2	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3





#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CLVC1GX04MDRLREP	SOT	DRL	6	4000	202.0	201.0	28.0

## DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body dimensions do not include mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs.

  Mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 per end or side.
- D. JEDEC package registration is pending.



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

#### **Products Amplifiers** amplifier.ti.com Data Converters dataconverter.ti.com DSP dsp.ti.com Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Interface interface.ti.com Logic logic.ti.com Power Mgmt power.ti.com Microcontrollers microcontroller.ti.com www.ti-rfid.com RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions www.ti.com/lprf

Applications	
Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Military	www.ti.com/military
Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Security	www.ti.com/security
Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2008, Texas Instruments Incorporated